

Sample Paper

Electronics & Communication Engineering

Max. Marks 100

Instructions for Candidates:

Attempt all 50 questions, each question carries 02 marks. There is no negative marking. Please mark the correct answer as A/B/C/D at appropriate place, on the right hand side of the question, in blue or black ink.

- Q.1 The very high frequency (VHF) range extends from
(A) 3-30MHz (B) 30-300MHz
(C) 300-3000MHz (D) 3000-30000MHz []
- Q.2 The function of the transducer in a communication system is
(A) To transmit the message signal
(B) To modulate the message signal
(C) To convert message sound signal into electrical signal
(D) None []
- Q.3 If $G(f)$ represents the Fourier transform of a signal $g(t)$ which is real and odd symmetric in time, then
(A) $G(f)$ is complex (B) $G(f)$ is imaginary
(C) $G(f)$ is real (D) $G(f)$ is real and non negative []
- Q.4 The trigonometric Fourier series of an even function of time does not have the
(A) dc term (B) cosine terms
(C) sin terms (D) odd harmonic terms []
- Q.5 The power spectral density (psd) of a deterministic signal is given by $[sine(f)/f^2]$, where f is frequency. The auto correlation function of this signal in the time domain is
(A) A rectangular pulse (B) A delta function
(C) Sine pulse (D) Triangular pulse []
- Q.6 A 4GHz carrier is DSB-SC modulated by a low pass message signal with maximum

- frequency of 2MHz. The resultant signal is to be ideally sampled. The minimum frequency of the sampling in train should be
- (A) 4MHz (B) 8MHz
(C) 8GHz (D) 8.004GHz []
- Q.7 The maximum power efficiency of AM modulator is
- (A) 25% (B) 50%
(C) 75% (D) 100% []
- Q.8 1 MHz sinusoidal carrier is amplitude modulated by symmetrical square wave of period 100per sec. which of the following frequency will not be present in the modulated signal?
- (A) 990KHz (B) 1010KHz
(C) 1020KHz (D) 1030KHz []
- Q.9 The probability density function of the envelope of narrowband Gaussian noise is
- (A) Poisson (B) Gaussian
(C) Rayleigh (D) Rician []
- Q.10 The amplitude spectrum of a Gaussian pulse is
- (A) Uniform (B) A sine function
(C) Gaussian (D) An impulse function []
- Q.11 The space charge limited current in a in a thermionic diode is given by
- (A) Richardson's equation (B) Child-Langmuir equation
(C) Plank constant (D) none []
- Q.12 Schottky effect originates from
- (A) Field emission (B) Photo electric emission
(C) Secondary emission (D) none []
- Q.13 A good ohmic contacts is obtained with
- (A) A wide band gap semiconductor (B) A low barrier height
(C) Low doping (D) None []
- Q.14 The reverse saturation current desity of a schottky diode is
- (A) Much larger than that of a pn junction diode
(B) Much less than that of a pn junction diode

- (C) Equal to that of a pn junction diode
 (D) None []
- Q.15 The cutin voltage of a si p-n diode is about
 (A) 0.6v (B) 0.6mv
 (C) 6v (D) None []
- Q.16 The emission from a laser is spontaneous /stimulated
 (A) a tunnel diode offers (B) a negative resistance
 (C) a negative differential resistance (D) None []
- Q.17 If $\alpha=0.95$, then the value of β of the transistor is
 (A) 190 (B) 19
 (C) 0.05 (D) None []
- Q.18 A transistor is an amplifier circuit is
 (A) An active element (B) A passive element
 (C) Both (D) None []
- Q.19 The self-bias arrangement gives a better Q-point stability when
 (A) R_e is small (B) β is small, but R_e is large
 (C) Both β and R_e are large (D) None []
- Q.20 For a emitter follower the gain is
 (A) Unity (B) Greater than unity
 (C) Less than unity (D) None []
- Q.21 A Hartley oscillator is used in the -
 (A) dc supply (B) AC supply
 (C) Both (D) None []
- Q.22 The frequency stability of a crystal oscillator is
 (A) Very high (B) Very Low

- (C) Both (D) None []
- Q.23 If $E = (3x^2 + y) \mathbf{ax} + x \mathbf{ay}$ kv/m, what is the work done in moving a $-2\mu\text{C}$ charge from $(0, 5, 0)$ to $(2, -1, 0)$ by taking the path $(0, 5, 0) \rightarrow (2, 5, 0) \rightarrow (2, -1, 0)$
 (A) 12mJ (B) 6mJ
 (C) 10mJ (D) None []
- Q.24 A telephone line has $R = 30/\text{km}$, $L = 100\text{mH}/\text{km}$, $G = 0$ and $C = 20\mu\text{F}/\text{km}$ at $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, what is characteristic impedance of the line.
 (A) $70.75L - 1.367^\circ\Omega$ (B) $60.82L - 1.827^\circ\Omega$
 (C) $80.87L - 1.367^\circ\Omega$ (D) None of these []
- Q.25 A certain antenna with an efficiency of 95% has Maximum radiation intensity of $0.5\text{W}/\text{sr}$., Input power is 0.4W , what is directivity is
 (A) 20.94 (B) 15.67
 (C) 25.11 (D) 8.12 []
- Q.26 z- transform of $u(-n)$ is
 (A) $\frac{z}{1-z}$ (B) $\frac{z}{1-z}$
 (C) $\frac{1}{1-z}$ (D) $\frac{z^2}{1-z}$ []
- Q.27 If $x(n) \leftrightarrow X(Z)$, then valid one is
 (A) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow X(Z)$ (B) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow zX(Z)$
 (C) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow \frac{X(Z)}{z}$ (D) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow X\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$ []
- Q.28 z- transform of $[a x(n) + b y(n)]$ is
 (A) $a x(z) + b x(z)$ (B) $a x(z) b x(z)$
 (C) $a x(z) - b x(z)$ (D) None of these []
- Q.29 The Boolean expression $Y = A.B$ represent
 (A) OR gate (B) XNOR gate
 (C) AND gate (D) None []
- Q.30 Number of bits in nibble is
 (A) Two (B) Three

- (C) Four (D) Eight []
- Q.31 A flip-flop is
 (A) By stable multivibrator circuit (B) Mono stable multivibrator circuit
 (C) 1 & 2 both (D) None []
- Q.32 The voltage gain of FET source follower is
 (A) -1 (B) greater than 1
 (C) Slightly less than unity and positive (D) None []
- Q.33 A maximum saturation drain current can be attained in an n-channel JFET when V_{gs} is equal to
 (A) pinch-off voltage (B) zero
 (C) -4v (D) None []
- Q.34 An OP-AMP comparator circuit employs
 (A) No feedback (B) Positive
 (C) Negative feedback (D) None []
- Q.35 The high input impedance of an IC OP-AMP is achieved by using
 (A) FET (B) CE transistor
 (C) Darlington connection (D) None []
- Q.36 The input impedance of an active filter is
 (A) Zero (B) 100Ω
 (C) range from few $K\Omega$ to thousand $M\Omega$ (D) None []
- Q.37 For a second-order Butterworth LP filter, the damping factor is
 (A) 2 (B) 1.414
 (C) 0.707 (D) None []
- Q.38 A toggle switch operation is obtained from
 (A) RS-Flip-flop (B) T-type FF
 (C) JK- FF (D) None []
- Q.39 A CPU built on a single semiconductor chip serves as a
 (A) Microprocessor (B) Microcontroller

- (C) Computer (D) None []
- Q.40 In VLSI technology, the rectangles composing the image of mask exposed on a photographic plate called
 (A) Reticle (B) Silicide
 (C) Both (D) None []
- Q.41 The main component of CRO is
 (A) CRT (B) Gun diode
 (C) H-V plate (D) None []
- Q.42 A radar antenna generally uses a----- reflector
 (A) Parabolic (B) Cylindrical
 (C) Sphere (D) None []
- Q.43 A color camera employs -----vidicon tubes
 (A) Three (B) Four
 (C) Five (D) None []
- Q.44 The carrier frequency of the audio signal in TV transmission is greater than that for video signal by
 (A) 4.5MHz (B) 5.5MHz
 (C) 10.5MHz (D) None []
- Q.45 Microwave components can be characterized by
 (A) h-parameter (B) y-parameter
 (C) S-parameter (D) Z-parameter []
- Q.46 The state-space representation for multivariable system can write as?
 (A) $\dot{X}=Ax+BU$ (B) $\dot{X}=AX+BU$
 (C) $\dot{X}= AX+BU$ (D) None []
- Q.47 The signal $x(t) = \cos(2\pi)(100t) + 5\sin(2\pi)(40t)$ is
 (A) Periodic (B) None Periodic
 (C) Both, (A) & (B) (D) None []
- Q.48 How many buses of 8085 microprocessor
 (A) Two (B) Three

(C) Four

(D) None

[]

Q.49 ICBO _____ for every 100C rise in temperature

(A) Doubles

(B) Triples

(C) Quadruples

(D) None

[]

Q.50 If $x(n) \leftrightarrow X(Z)$, then valid one is

(A) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow X(Z)$

(B) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow zX(Z)$

(C) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow \frac{X(Z)}{z}$

(D) $x(-n) \leftrightarrow X\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$

[]